

St Bernard's High School STUDENT ATTENDANCE POLICY

The name and contact details of the Senior Attendance Champion – the senior leader responsible for the strategic approach to attendance in our school is:

Name: Mrs R Drisdale

Email address or contact details: rdr@stbernards.southend.sch.uk

The name and contact details of the school staff member, students and parents should contact about attendance on a day-to-day basis is:

Name: Mrs K Neill

Email address or contact details: absences@stbernards.southend.sch.uk

The name and contact details of the school staff member, students and parents should contact for more individual support with attendance (Pastoral/Attendance Manager)
Name: Mrs A Courtney

Email address or contact details: studentsupport@stbernards.southend.sch.uk

The name of our linked Governor with responsibility for monitoring attendance is: Mrs K Lilley

Staff consulted: Ratified by the Governing Body:

Review Date: Annual review

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1. Legislative Context: School Attendance and the Law

The School Attendance (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2024 which introduced a National Framework in England. By law all children of compulsory school age must receive an appropriate full-time education (Education Act 1996). Parents have a legal duty to ensure their child attends school regularly at the school at which they are registered.

Parents may be recognised differently under education law, than under family law. Section 576 of the Education Act 1996 states that a 'parent', in relation to a child or young person, includes any person who is not a parent (from which can be inferred 'biological parent') but who has parental responsibility, or who has care of the child.

A person typically has care of a child or young person if they are the person with whom the child lives, either full or part time and who looks after the child, irrespective of what their biological or legal relationship is with the child.

The law entitles every child of compulsory school age to an efficient, full-time education suitable to their age, aptitude, and any special educational need they may have. It is the legal responsibility of every parent to make sure their child receives that education either by attendance at a school or by education otherwise than at a school.

Where parents decide to have their child registered at school, they have an additional legal duty to ensure their child attends that school regularly, on time. This means their child must attend every day that the school is open, except in a small number of allowable circumstances such as being too ill to attend or being given permission for an absence in advance from the school.

The Department for Education (DfE) has produced statutory guidance for maintained schools, academies, independent schools, and local authorities. It is called "Working together to improve school attendance" and it includes a National Framework in relation to absence and the use of legal sanctions. Our School Attendance Policy reflects the requirements and principles of that guidance.

This policy is written with the above guidance in mind and underpins our school ethos to:

- promote children's welfare and safeguarding
- ensure every student has access to the full-time education to which they are entitled
- ensure that students succeed whilst at school
- ensure that students have access to the widest possible range of opportunities at school, and when they leave school

It has been developed in consultation with school governors, teachers, local Headteacher Associations, the Local Authority and parents and carers. It seeks to ensure that all parties involved in the practicalities of school attendance are aware and informed of attendance matters in school and to outline the school's commitment to attendance matters. It details the responsibilities of individuals and groups involved and the procedures in place to promote and monitor student attendance.

In addition, the DfE's statutory safeguarding guidance, Keeping Children Safe in Education, which emphasises the importance of understanding the potential vulnerabilities of children who are missing or absent from education. https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/keeping-children-safe-in-education--2

2. School Context: Expectations of all parents and pupils for regular school attendance

St Bernard's High School recognises that positive behaviour and good attendance are essential in order for students to get the most of their school experience, including their attainment, wellbeing and wider life chances.

We aim to raise and maintain levels of attendance by:

- Promoting a positive and welcoming atmosphere in which students feel safe, secure and valued
- Raising and maintaining a whole school awareness of the importance of good attendance and punctuality
- Ensuring that attendance is monitored effectively and reasons for absences are recorded promptly and consistently
- Working in partnership with students and parents to identify any barriers to school attendance and work together to overcome these barriers
- Being mindful of the link between non-school attendance and student safety

For our children to gain the greatest benefit from their education it is vital that they attend regularly and be at school, on time, every day the school is open unless the reason for the absence is unavoidable. It is a rule of this school that student's must attend every day, unless there are exceptional circumstances, and it is the headteacher/principal, not the parent, who can authorise the absence.

3. Promoting Regular Attendance

At St Bernard's High School, we believe in developing good patterns of attendance and set high expectations for the attendance and punctuality for all our students from the outset. It is a central part of our school's vision, values, ethos and day to day life. We recognise the strong connections between attendance, attainment, safeguarding and wellbeing.

Any absence affects the routine of a child's schooling and regular absence will seriously affect their learning journey and ability to progress. Student absence or late arrival disrupts teaching routines and so may affect the learning of others in the same class. Ensuring a child's regular attendance at school is a parental responsibility and allowing absence from school, without a good reason, creates an offence in law and may result in prosecution.

Helping to create a pattern of regular attendance is the responsibility of parents, students and all members of school staff. Missed schooling impacts on student achievement and social development. This means that:

- students fall behind in their learning and struggle to catch up
- social aspects of school life are disrupted which impacts friendship groups
- students miss wider opportunities such as clubs, visits and trips

In order to prevent this, we have set an aspirational target for every student.

Our Aspirational Target is 97%

We will achieve this by:

Reporting effectively

- Submitting a daily attendance return to the Department of Education, in line with the legal expectations placed on all schools
- Accurately completing admission and attendance registers and have effective day to day processes in place to follow-up absence as required by law
- Contacting parents/carers should their child's attendance fall below the school's target for attendance

Working in partnership with parents/carers

- Building strong relationships and work jointly with families
- Giving parents/carers details on attendance in our newsletters
- Reporting to parents/carers regularly on their child's attendance and the impact on their progress

Engaging pupils

- Promoting the benefits of high attendance
- Celebrating excellent attendance by displaying and reporting individual and class achievements
- Rewarding good or improving attendance
- Promoting and incentivising positive school attendance.

4. Monitoring and Evaluation

Our school leaders, including our attendance champion monitor and review all students'absence, and the reasons that are given, thoroughly. We particularly shine a light on:

- Slippage below 95% attendance (up to 18 days missed learning per year)
- Persistent absence (over 19 days missed learning per year)
- Severely persistent absence (50% missed learning)
- Extended holidays

Our named trustee/governor holds school leaders to account for the school's attendance performance.

We use data to monitor, identify and support individual students or groups of students when their attendance needs to improve, and schools are required to submit student attendance data to the Department for Education on a daily basis Education (Information about Individual Students) (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2024.

Persistently and severely absent students are tracked and monitored carefully. We also combine this with academic tracking, as increased absence affects attainment.

We share information and work collaboratively with other schools in the area, local authorities, and other partners, when absence is at risk of becoming persistent or severe, including the attendance support service in the local authority.

5. Understanding Types of Absence

Every half-day absence from school has to be classified by the school (not by the parent), as either **authorised** or **unauthorised**. This is why information about the cause of any absence is always required. Each half-day is known as a 'session'.

Authorised absences are morning or afternoon sessions away from school for a genuine reason such as illness (although you may be asked to provide medical evidence for your child before this can be authorised), medical or dental appointments which unavoidably fall in school time, emergencies or other unavoidable cause.

Unauthorised absences are those which the school does not consider reasonable and for which no 'leave' has been granted. This type of absence can lead to the school referring to the Local Authority for penalty notices and/or legal proceedings. Unauthorised absence includes: parents/carers keeping children off school unnecessarily e.g. because they had a late night or for non-infectious illness or injury that would not affect their ability to learn;

- absences which have never been properly explained;
- children who arrive at school after the close of registration are marked using a 'U'. This indicates that they are in school for safeguarding purposes, however is counted as an absence for the session;
- shopping trips;
- looking after other children or children accompanying siblings or parents to medical appointments;
- their own or family birthdays;
- holidays taken during term time, not deemed 'for exceptional purposes' by the headteacher, including any arranged by other family members or friends;
- day trips;
- other leave of absence in term time which has not been agreed. (however this list is not exhaustive)

6. Persistent Absenteeism (PA) and Severe Absenteeism (SA)

A student is defined by the Government as a 'persistent absentee' when they miss 10% or more schooling across the school year for any reason; this can be authorised or unauthorised absence. Absence at this level will cause considerable damage to any student's education and we need the full support and co-operation of parents to resolve

this. All students who have attendance levels of 90% or below are considered to be a persistent absentee.

A student who has missed 50% or more schooling is defined by the Government as 'severely absent'. Students within this cohort may find it more difficult to be in school or face bigger barriers to their regular attendance and, as such, are likely to need more intensive support.

7. Lateness

Poor punctuality is not acceptable and can sometimes lead to irregular school attendance patterns. Good time-keeping is a vital life skill which will help children as they progress through their school life and out into the wider world.

Students who arrive late disrupt lessons and, if a child misses the start of the day, they can feel unsettled and embarrassed and risk missing vital work and important messages from their class teacher.

The times of the start and close of the school day for all students at St Bernard's High School are:

Gates open: 8.00am Gates close: 8.40am

Registration starts: 8.45am Registration closes: 9.10am End of the school day: 3.20pm

How we manage lateness:

The school day starts at 8.00am when children can begin to come into school;

- Registers are taken at 8.45am;
- Children arriving after 8.40am are required to come into school via the late gate. If accompanied by a parent/carer they must sign them into our 'Late Book' and provide a reason for their lateness, which is recorded;
- After 9.10am they enter via main reception.
- At 9.30am the registers will be closed. In accordance with the Regulations, if your child arrives after that time, they will receive a mark that shows them to be on site

 – 'U', but this will not count as a present mark and it will mean that they have an unauthorised absence;
- The school may contact parents/carers regarding punctuality concerns;
- From time to time a member of school staff will undertake a 'Late Gate' check, greeting late arrivals at the main entrance to the school.

Unauthorised lateness could result in the school referring to the Local Authority for sanctions and/or legal proceedings. If your child has a persistent lateness record, you may be asked to meet with your child's Head of Year and are placed on a punctuality report for persistent lateness. You can approach us at any time if you are having difficulties getting your child to school on time. We expect parents and staff to encourage good punctuality by being good role models to our children and, as a school, we celebrate good class and individual punctuality.

8. How to notify school of student absence

- The name and contact details of the school staff member students and parents should contact about attendance on a day to day basis is:
- Name: Mrs K Neill
- absences@stbernards.southend.sch.uk

If a child is absent from school the parent must follow these procedures:

- Contact the school on the first day of absence before 9.10 am, when our register closes;
- The school has an answer phone available to leave a message if nobody is available to take your call, or you may call into school personally and speak to the office staff. Please be aware that, if you leave a voicemail to report your child's absence, you may receive a call from the school so that we may discuss the absence before making a decision as to whether the absence is to be recorded as authorised:
- Contact the school on every further day of absence, again before 9.10am;

Ensure that your child returns to school as soon as possible and you provide any medical evidence, if requested, to support the absence. Medical evidence may be requested where your child is having multiple periods of absence which are reported as being due to medical reasons. When determining whether a child is too ill to attend school, both parents and school staff can consider the advice contained within the NHS guidance on Childhood Illness:

Southend City Council School Attendance Guidance

If your child is absent we will:

- Telephone or text you on the first, and every subsequent day of absence, if we have not heard from you. However, it is your responsibility to contact us;
- If we are unable to make contact with parents by telephone, we will telephone
 emergency contact numbers, send letters home and a home visit may be made, in
 the interests of safeguarding;
- A referral will be made to Local Authority if no contact has been made with parents by the 10th day of absence (or sooner if deemed appropriate), at which point your child will be considered to be "missing from education."

If absence continues we will:

- Write to you if your child's attendance is below 95% / causing concern and/or where punctuality is a concern;
- Arrange a meeting so that you may discuss the situation with our Pastoral / Attendance Manager to identify barriers to school attendance
- Create a personalised action/support plan, such as an attendance contract, to address any barriers to attendance and make clear each person's role in improving the attendance patterns of your child;
- Offer signposting support to other agencies or services, if appropriate;
- Refer the matter to the Local Authority for relevant legal sanctions, if attendance deteriorates following the above actions.

9. Understanding barriers to attendance

Whilst any child may occasionally have time off school because they are too unwell to attend, sometimes they can be reluctant to attend school. Any barriers preventing regular attendance are best resolved between the school, the parents and the child. If a parent thinks their child is reluctant to attend school, then we will work with that family to understand the root problem and provide any necessary support. We can use outside agencies to help with this, such as the School Nurse, Mental Health and Emotional Wellbeing support services, a Child and Family Support Worker or the relevant Local Authority team/s. Where outside agencies are supporting the family, you may be invited to attend a Team Around the Family meeting (TAF) to consider what is working well and what needs to improve. An individual support plan will be agreed and subsequently reviewed.

Some students face greater barriers to attendance than their peers. These can include students who suffer from long-term medical conditions or who have special educational needs and disabilities, or other vulnerabilities. High expectations of attendance remain in place for these students, however we will work with families and students to support improved attendance whilst being mindful of the additional barriers faced. We can discuss reasonable adjustments and additional support from external partners, where appropriate.

Under the DfE's statutory guidance, schools are required to submit a sickness return to the Local Authority for all pupils who have missed/are likely to miss 15 or more school days (consecutive or cumulative) due to medical reasons/illness.

The name and contact details of the school staff member pupils and parents should contact for more detailed support on attendance:

Name: Mrs K Neill (Attendance Officer) Mrs A Courtney (Pastoral / Attendance Manager)

Email address or contact details: absences@stbernards.southend.sch.uk / studentsupport@stbernards.southends.sch.uk

10. National Framework for Penalty Notices

There is now a single consistent national threshold for when a penalty notice must be considered by all schools in England, of 10 sessions (usually equivalent to 5 school days) of unauthorised absence within a rolling 10 school week period. The 10 sessions of absence do not have to be consecutive and can be made up of a combination of any type of unauthorised absence (G, O and/or U coded within the school's registers). The 10 school week period can span different terms, school years or education settings.

Sanctions may include:

- issuing each parent (for each child) with a Penalty Notice for £160, reduced to £80 if paid within 21 days (for the first offence)
 - a second Penalty Notice issued within a three-year period, will result in a

fine of £160 per parent, per child. If a third offence is committed the matter may be referred to the local authority for consideration of prosecution via the Magistrates Court.

- If prosecution is instigated for irregular school attendance, each parent may receive a fine of up to £2500 and/or up to 3 months in prison.
- If a parent is found guilty in court, they will receive a criminal conviction.

11. Exceptional Circumstances

There is no entitlement in law for students to take time off during the term to go on holiday or other absence for the purpose of leisure or recreation, or to take part in protest activity in school hours. In addition, the Supreme Court has ruled that the definition of regular school attendance is "in accordance with the rules prescribed by the school."

The School Attendance (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2024 set out the statutory requirements for schools. All references to family holidays and extended leave have been removed. The amendments specify that headteachers may not grant any leave of absence during term time unless there are "exceptional circumstances" and they do not have any discretion to authorise up to ten days of absence each academic year.

It is a rule of this school that a leave of absence shall not be granted in term time unless there are reasons considered to be exceptional by the headteacher, irrespective of the child's overall attendance. Only the headteacher or his/her designate (not the local authority) may authorise such a request and all applications for a leave of absence must be made in writing, in advance, on the prescribed form provided by the school. The school will usually consider that the parent who has made the application is therefore allowing the leave of absence, and also that all parents who are on the holiday are allowing the leave. Where a parent removes a child after their application for leave was refused or where no application was made to the school, the absence will be recorded as unauthorised. It is likely that penalty notices will be requested, in line with the National Framework and Southend-on-Sea's Code of Conduct, in respect of each parent believed to have allowed the absence.

At St Bernard's High School 'exceptional circumstances' will be interpreted as:

... being of unique and significant emotional, educational or spiritual value to the child which outweighs the loss of teaching time (as determined by the headteacher). The fundamental principles for defining 'exceptional' are events that are "rare, significant, unavoidable and short". By 'unavoidable' we mean an event that could not reasonably be scheduled at another time, outside of school term time, regardless of who has planned or paid for the holiday or absence (including grandparents or other family or friends).

The headteacher/school may discuss the leave of absence request with other education settings and/or the Local Authority to determine any exceptional circumstances.

If leave of absence is authorised, the school will not provide work for children to do during their absence. Parents are however advised to read with their children and encourage them to write a diary while they are away.

12. Deletion/Removal from Roll

For any Student leaving St Bernard's High School other than at the end of Year 11 and Sixth Form, parents/carers are required to provide in writing details the following: Child's name, class, current address, date of leaving, new home address, name of new school, address of new school. This information is essential to ensure that we know the whereabouts and may appropriately safeguard all of our students, even those who leave us.

It is crucial that parents keep school updated with current addresses and contact details for the student and key family members, in case of emergency.

Under Pupil Regulations 2006, all schools are now **legally required** to notify their Local Authority of **every new entry** to the admission register **within five days** of the pupil being enrolled. In addition to this, **every deletion** from the school register must also be notified to the Local Authority, as soon as the ground for deletion has been met in relation to that student, and in any event no later than the time at which the student's name is deleted from the register. This duty does not apply when a student's name is removed from the admission register at a standard transition point – when the student has completed the final year of education normally provided by that school.